

SAFETY DATA SHEET DSP SINGAPORE HOLDINGS PTE, LTD.

Product name: MOLYKOTE® 1000 Paste Issue Date: 09.11.2022
Print Date: 14.03.2023

DSP SINGAPORE HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: MOLYKOTE® 1000 Paste

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Lubricants and lubricant additives

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DSP SINGAPORE HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. 260 ORCHARD ROAD #18-01 THE HEEREN SINGAPORE 238855 SINGAPORE

Customer Information Number: +65-6586-3688

SDSQuestion-AP@dupont.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 800 101 2201 **Local Emergency Contact:** +(966)-8111095861

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: WARNING

Hazard statements

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute dermal toxicity: 13 %

Other hazards

This product contains no substances assessed to be PBT or vPvB at levels of 0.1% or higher.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Inorganic and organic compounds, in mineral oil

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	Concentration	Component	Classification
CASRN - EC-No. - Index-No. 029-019-01-X	>= 2.5 - < 10.0 %	Copper flakes	Acute Tox 4 - H302 Acute Tox 3 - H331 Eye Irrit 2 - H319 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN 7440-66-6 EC-No. 231-175-3 Index-No. 030-001-01-9	>= 2.5 - < 10.0 %	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN 61791-53-5 EC-No. 263-186-4 Index-No.	>= 0.25 - < 1.0 %	N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate	Skin Irrit 2 - H315 Eye Irrit 2 - H319 STOT RE - 2 - H373 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411
CASRN	>= 20.0 - < 30.0 %	Calcium difluoride	Not classified

7789-75-5 EC-No.		
232-188-7 Index-No. –		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known...

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Fluorine compounds. Carbon oxides. Metal oxides.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Component	rtogulation	i ype or noung	Value

Calcium difluoride	ACGIH	TWA	2.5 mg/m3 , Fluorine
	Further information: bone dam: Bone damage; fluorosis: Fluorosis; BEI: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; varies: varies		
	2000/39/EC	TWA	2.5 mg/m3 , Fluorine
	Further information: Indicat	ive	

Biological occupational exposure limits						
Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Calcium difluoride	7789-75-5	Fluoride (Fluorine)	Urine	Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)	2 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
		Fluoride (Fluorine)	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	3 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical statepasteColorbrownOdorslight

Odor Threshold

pH

Not applicable

Melting point/range

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

Not applicable

Flash point

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate

Not applicable

= 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not classified as a flammability hazard

Lower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapor PressureNot applicableRelative Vapor Density (air = 1)No data available

Relative Density (water = 1) 1.26

Water solubility

Partition coefficient: n
No data available

No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperatureNo data availableDecomposition temperatureNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNot applicableKinematic ViscosityNot applicableExplosive propertiesNot explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weightNo data availableParticle sizeNo data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Issue Date: 09.11.2022

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: 1-Butene. Sodium.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate. > 2,000 mg/kg Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate. 4 Hour. dust/mist. > 5 mg/l Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Sensitization

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Carcinogenicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Teratogenicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Reproductive toxicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Mutagenicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Aspiration Hazard

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Copper flakes

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation.

Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Carcinogenicity

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Teratogenicity

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative. This material was not mutagenic in an Ames bacterial assay.

Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Acute dermal toxicity

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight eye irritation.

Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Teratogenicity

For similar material(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

For similar material(s): Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Acute dermal toxicity

Based on data from similar materials LD50. Rat. > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on data from similar materials

Sensitization

Based on data from similar materials

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on data from similar materials

Calcium difluoride

Acute dermal toxicity

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Observations in animals include:

May cause fluorosis of teeth and bones.

Carcinogenicity

Available data are inadequate to evaluate carcinogenicity.

Teratogenicity

Fluorides may cause mottling of teeth in children of mothers exposed excessively before or during pregnancy or during lactation.

Reproductive toxicity

For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Copper flakes

Acute toxicity to fish

LC50. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout). 96 Hour. 0.068 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50. Daphnia magna (Water flea). 48 Hour. 0.034 mg/l. OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

EC50. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae). 72 Hour. 0.03 mg/l. OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC. Algae. 10 d. 0.022 mg/l. OECD Test Guideline 201

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout). 61 d. 0.024 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC. Daphnia magna (Water flea). 21 d. 0.0368 mg/l

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout). 96 Hour. 0.169 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50. Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea). 48 Hour. 0.413 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50. Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae). 96 Hour. 0.136 mg/l

NOEC. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae). 96 Hour. 0.019 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout). 25 d. 0.025 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC. Daphnia magna (Water flea). 21 d. 0.037 - 0.4 mg/l

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC50. Daphnia magna (Water flea). 48 Hour. > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

EC50. 72 Hour. > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l. OECD Test Guideline 201

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC. 72 Hour. > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l. OECD Test Guideline 201

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC10. Daphnia (water flea). > 1 mg/l

Calcium difluoride

Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout). static test. 96 Hour. 105 - 698 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

For similar material(s):

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50. Daphnia magna (Water flea). 48 Hour. 53.4 - 98.5 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

For similar material(s):

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50. Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae). 96 Hour. 88.3 - 250 mg/l

For similar material(s):

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC. Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae). 96 Hour. 103 - 510 mg/l

For similar material(s):

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50. Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom). 96 Hour. 166 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Copper flakes

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready

biodegradability.

Based on data from similar materials 10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 65 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Calcium difluoride

Biodegradability: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

Bioaccumulative potential

Copper flakes

Bioaccumulation: Not applicable

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found. **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 177 Fish

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Calcium difluoride

Bioaccumulation: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

Mobility in soil

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

No relevant data found.

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

No relevant data found.

Calcium difluoride

No relevant data found.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other adverse effects

Copper flakes

No data available

Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Calcium difluoride

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport:

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.(Zinc)

UN number UN 3077

Class 9
Packing group III
Environmental hazards Zinc

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.(Zinc)

UN number UN 3077

Class 9
Packing group III
Marine pollutant Zinc

Transport in bulk Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC or IGC Code

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.(Zinc)

UN number UN 3077

Class 9 Packing group III

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t 200 t

Classification and labeling have been performed according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision

Identification Number: 1390520 / A761 / Issue Date: 09.11.2022 / Version: 7.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this

document.

Legend

2000/39/EC	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
TWA	Limit Value - eight hours
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard

Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS -Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR -(Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN -United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DSP SINGAPORE HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other

than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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